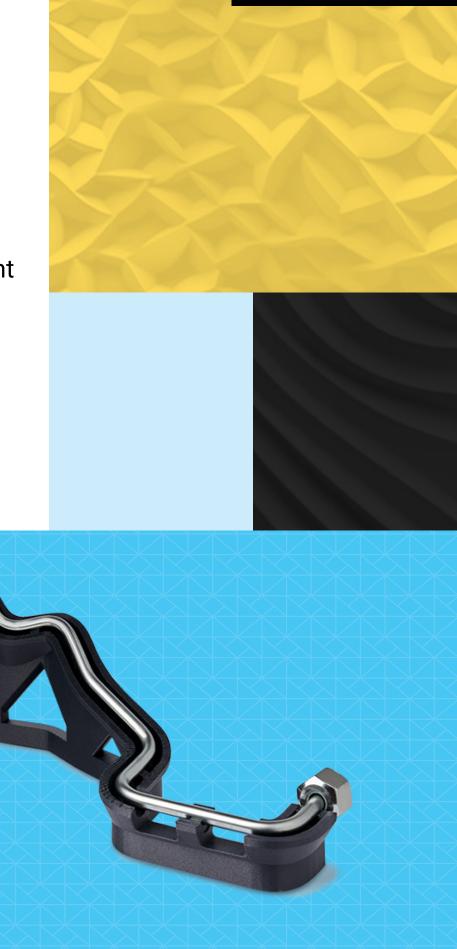


ABS-CF10

Carbon Fiber Filled ABS FDM Thermoplastic Filament



MATERIAL DATA SHEET

FDM



Overview

Stratasys ABS-CF10 combines standard ABS (acrylonitrile butadiene styrene) material with 10% chopped carbon fiber by weight. The result is a low moisture-sensitive FDM® thermoplastic 50% stiffer and 15% stronger than standard ABS 3D printing material.

Typical applications include manufacturing tools, jigs, fixtures and end effectors that benefit from the combination of increased stiffness and reduced weight.

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Product Information

Table 1: Printer Compatibility

Printer	Model Tip	Layer Height	Support Material	Support Tip	
F170™	F123 T14H Hardened Head	0.127 mm (0.005 in.), 0.178 mm (0.007 in.), 0.254 mm (0.010 in.), 0.330 mm (0.013 in.)	QSR™ Support	F123 Head	
F190™CR	F123 T14H Hardened Head	0.127 mm (0.005 in.), 0.178 mm (0.007 in.), 0.254 mm (0.010 in.), 0.330 mm (0.013 in.)	QSR Support	F123 Head	
F370™	F123 T14H Hardened Head	0.127 mm (0.005 in.), 0.178 mm (0.007 in.), 0.254 mm (0.010 in.), 0.330 mm (0.013 in.)	QSR Support	F123 Head	
F370®CR	F123 T14H Hardened Head	0.127 mm (0.005 in.), 0.178 mm (0.007 in.), 0.254 mm (0.010 in.), 0.330 mm (0.013 in.)	QSR Support	F123 Head	

Support Material

QSR soluble support

Build Tray

- F170 build tray
- F190CR build tray
- F370/F370CR build tray

System Requirements¹

F123/F123 CR²

F123 T14H hardened head (light gray cover, 1,500 hour head life)³

OR

F123 ABS-CF10 non hardened head (green cover, 700 hour head life) OR

Standard F123 head (black cover, recommended head life of 700 hours)

Table 2: ABS-CF10 Ordering Information

Part Number	Description				
Filament Caniste	rs				
333-90310	ABS-CF10, 90 cu. in.				
333-63500	QSR Soluble Support, 60 cu. in F123				
Printer Consumables					
123-00603-S	ABS-CF10 Hardened Head - Recommended (Light Gray Cover)				
123-00601-S	ABS-CF10 Head (Green Cover)				
123-00402-S	Standard Extrusion Head (Black Cover)				
123-00302-S	F170 Build Tray, Standard				
123-00303-S	F190CR Build Tray, Standard				
123-00304	F370/F370CR Build Tray, Standard				

 $^{^{\}rm 1}{\rm Contact}$ your Stratasys representative for ordering information

²F170, F190CR, F370, F370CR

³ Required for Visual Mode; 0.127 mm (0.005 in.) layer height



Physical Properties

The information presented are typical values intended for reference and comparison purposes only. They should not be used for design specifications or quality control purposes.

Values are measured as printed. XY, XZ, and ZX orientations were tested. For full details refer to the <u>Stratasys Materials Test Report</u>. DSC and TMA curves can be found in the Appendix.

Table 3: ABS-CF10 Physical Properties

Dronouty	Test Method	Typical \	Typical Values			
Property	Test Method	XY	XZ/ZX			
HDT @ 66 psi	ASTM D648 Method B	112.2 °C (234.0 °F)	113.5 °C (236.4 °F)			
HDT @ 264 psi	ASTM D648 Method B	111 / %(/)27 6 %[)				
Molded HDT @ 66 psi	ASTM D648 Method B	100 °C (2	100 °C (212 °F)			
Molded HDT @ 264 psi	ASTM D648 Method B	99 °C (210 °F)				
Tg	ASTM D7426 Inflection Point	104 °C (2	104 °C (219 °F)			
Mean CTE	ASTM E831 (-50 °C to 100 °C)	19 μm/[m*°C] (11 μin/[in*°F])	76 μm/[m*°C] (42 μin/[in*°F])			
Volume Resistivity	ASTM D257	4.6 x 10 ¹² Ω*cm				
Specific Gravity	ASTM D792 @23 °C	1.097	1.0972			
Dielectric Constant	ASTM D150 1 kHz test condition	2.26	11.1			
Dielectric Constant	ASTM D150 2 MHz test condition	2.16	-0.001			
Dissipation Factor	ASTM D150 1 kHz test condition	0.000	-0.011			
Dissipation Factor	ASTM D150 2 MHz test condition	10.18	-0.014			

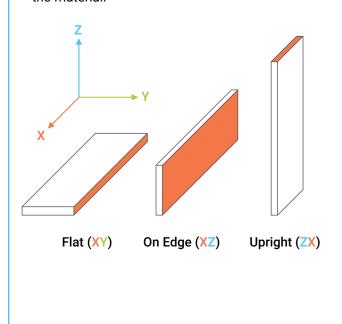


Mechanical Properties

ABS-CF10 samples were printed with a 0.010 in. (0.254 mm) layer height on the F370 using the Standard Extrusion Head. For the full test procedure please see the <u>Stratasys Materials Test Procedure</u>.

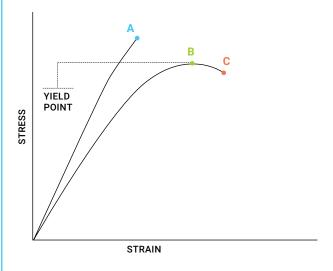
Print Orientation

Parts created using FDM are anisotropic as a result of the printing process. Below is a reference of the different orientations used to characterize the material.



Tensile Curves

Due to the anisotropic nature of FDM, tensile curves look different depending on orientation. Below is a guide of the two types of curves seen when printing tensile samples and what reported values mean.



- A = Tensile at break, elongation at break (no yield point)
- B = Tensile at yield, elongation at yield
- C = Tensile at break, elongation at break



Table 4: ABS-CF10 Mechanical Properties

0.010 in layer height		XZ Orientation ¹	ZX Orientation ¹			
Tensile Properties: ASTM D638						
Yield Strength	MPa	No yield	21.2 (0.48)			
field Strength	psi	No yield	3080 (69)			
Elongation @ Yield	%	No yield	1.49 (0.08)			
Strength @ Break	MPa	37.7 (1.38)	21.3 (0.48)			
Strength @ Break	psi	5465 (200)	3100 (70)			
Elongation @ Break	%	2.70 (0.20)	1.49 (0.09)			
Madulus (Flastia)	GPa	3.342 (0.12)	1.958 (0.028)			
Modulus (Elastic)	ksi	484.6 (18)	283.9 (4.1)			
Flexural Properties: AS	TM D790, Procedure A					
Ctuonath @ Buook	MPa	69.0 (2.4)	29.2 (0.86)			
Strength @ Break	psi	10000 (350)	4240 (120)			
Strain @ Break	%	2.45 (0.11)	1.89 (0.08)			
Modulus	GPa	3.76 (0.099)	1.75 (0.051)			
Modulus	ksi	545 (14)	254 (7.5)			
Compression Propertie	s: ASTM D695					
VII. 1.1.0	MPa	No yield	No yield			
Yield Strength	psi	No yield	No yield			
Dools Characterists	MPa	73.2 (4.5)	94.8 (2.56)			
Peak Strength	psi	10620 (650)	13740 (370)			
Madulua	GPa	2.129 (0.093)	1.917 (0.063)			
Modulus	ksi	309 (13.6)	278 (9.2)			
Impact Properties: AST	M D256, ASTM D4812					
	J/m	51.4 (1.9)	20.3 (2.8)			
Notched	ft*lb/in	0.962 (0.04)	0.381 (0.05)			
Hamadahad	J/m	212 (25)	47.0 (6.4)			
Unnotched	ft*lb/in	3.97 (0.47)	0.881 (0.12)			

 $^{^{\}rm 1}\mbox{Values}$ in parentheses are standard deviations.



Mechanical Performance with Unidirectional Toolpaths

The Stratasys typical testing procedure follows our default "45/-45" raster toolpath generation where the first raster layer is 45° in the XY plane and the next layer is perpendicular to that (-45°). The data in this section has unidirectional toolpaths, where all toolpaths are aligned in the XY plane and along the axis for the mechanical test. This method of optimizing toolpaths is appropriate to show the maximum strength for filled materials, but should be used with caution as it is not representative of typical part toolpaths and strength. For further information on this test method, refer to the <u>Stratasys Materials Testing Procedure</u> and the <u>Unidirectional Material Testing May Mislead Manufacturing</u> white paper.

Table 5: Mechanical Performance of ABS-CF10 with Unidirectional Toolpaths

0.010 in layer height	XY Orientation				
Tensile Properties: ASTM D638					
Yield Strength	MPa	44.9			
field Strength	psi	6500			
Elongation @ Yield	%	1.2			
Strength @ Break	MPa	44.6			
Strength w break	psi	6470			
Elongation @ Break	%	1.2			
Modulus (Elastic)	GPa	5.22			
Modulus (Elastic)	ksi	756			
Flexural Properties: ASTM D790, Proc	edure A				
Strength @ Break	MPa	89.3			
Strength (w break	psi	31.0			
Strain @ Break	%	2.6			
Modulus	GPa	4.96			
Modulus	ksi	719			
Impact Properties: ASTM D256, ASTM	1 D4812				
Notched	J/m	79.2			
Notched	ft*lb/in	1.48			
Heat Deflection Temperature: ASTM D648, Method B					
HDT @ 66 psi	°C	117			
Tibl @ 00 psi	°F	242			
HDT @ 264 psi	°C	112			
1101 (@ 204 psi	°F	233			



UV Aging

ABS-CF10 was tested before and after UV exposure. Ten ASTM D638 upright (ZX) dogbones were tested in tensile after UV exposure and an additional 10 ASTM D638 ZX dogbones were the control (no UV Exposure). The UV exposed samples were cycled in the QUV chamber per ASTM G154 (Standard Practice for Operation Fluorescent Light Apparatus for UV exposure of Nonmetallic Materials) for 1000 hours, alternating for 8 hours at 60°C (140°F) and 4 hours at 50°C (122°F) with humidity and condensation. The increase in stress in break is from the control samples. For more information see the Impact of UV Exposure on FDM Materials white paper.

Table 6: ASA (natural) UV Exposure Test Results

Material	Conditioning	Yield S	Yield Strength Stress at Break		it Break	Elongation at Break	Increase in Stress at Break	Modulus	
		(psi)	(MPa)	(psi)	(MPa)	%	%	(ksi)	(GPa)
ABS-CF10	No UV Exposure	3150	21.7	3140	21.7	1.5		284	1.96
	UV Exposure	301	20.8	2990	20.6	1.3	-4.90	295	2.03

ABS-CF10 coupons were built on the F370 using the F123 Head.



Appendix

Figure 1: DSC data for the ABS-CF10 sample.

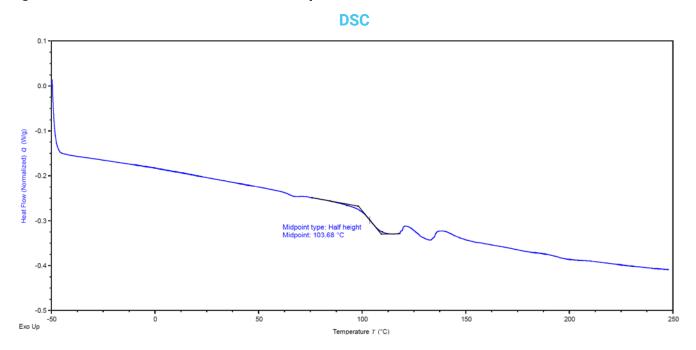


Figure 2: Dimension change data as a function of temperature for ABS-CF10 Flat (XY) sample.

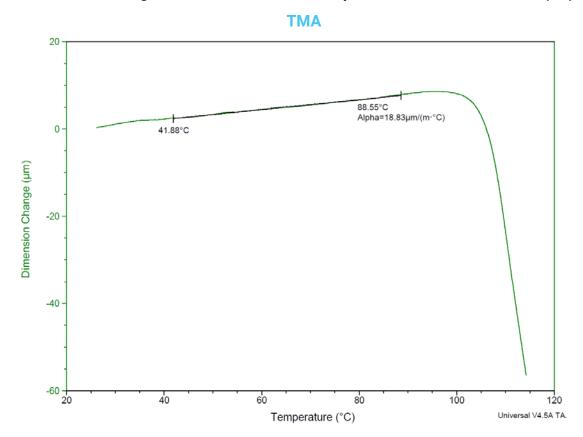
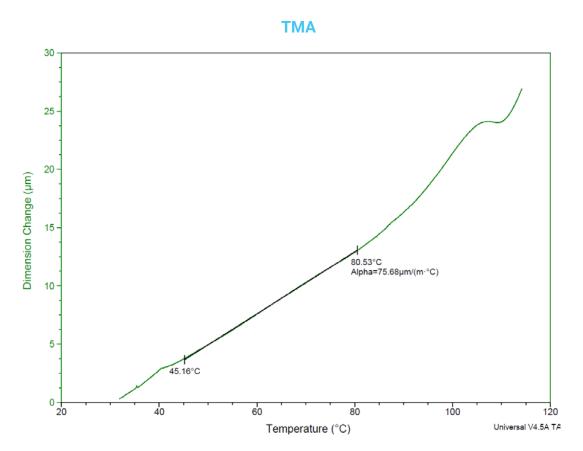




Figure 3: Dimension change data as a function of temperature for ABS-CF10 On Edge (XZ) sample.





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